EXHIBIT A

SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

STARBUCKS CORPORATION, and DOES 1 through 50, Inclusive

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

DANIELLE OROPEZA, an individual

The name and address of the court is:

FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)



JUN 0 8 2015

By: Moses Soto, Deputy

Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Cle

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information below.

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will dismiss the case. ¡AVISO! Lo han demandado. Si no responde dentro de 30 días, la corte puede decidir en su contra sin escuchar su versión. Lea la información a continuación

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. AVISO: Por ley, la corte tiene derecho a reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

(El nombre y dirección de la corte es): CENTRA	AL BRANCH
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA,	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

111 N. Hill Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es): Stephen Bernard (SBN 56553), Bernard & Bernard, 10990 Wilshire Blvd., Ste 1175, Los Angeles, CA 90024

DATE: June 4, 2015 (Fecha)	SHERFI R. CAFTER	Clerk, by (Secretario)	M. Soto	, Deputy (Adjunto)
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NN 0 8 5012	CCP 416.2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	CCP 416.60 (minor CCP 416.70 (conseip) CCP 416.90 (author)	ervatee)

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California SUM-100 [Rev. July 1, 2009]

SUMMONS

Code of Civil Procedure §§ 412.20, 465

Page 1 of 1

CASE NUMBER:

1	1	3
1 2 3 4 5 6 7		CONFORMED COPY OF ORIGINAL FILED Los Angeles Superior Court JUN 0 8 2015 Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk By: Moses Soto, Deputy HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA NGELES – CENTRAL DISTRICT
8 9	DANIELLE OROPEZA, an individual,	CASE NO.: BC 5 8 4 4 1 4
10	marrada,	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES:
11	Plaintiff,	1. PREGNANCY / SEX / DISABILITY DISCRIMINATION;
12 13	v.	2. FAILURE TO ACCOMMODATE
14	STARBUCKS CORPORATION; and DOES 1 through 50, Inclusive,	PREGNANCY-RELATED DISABILITY;
15 16	Defendants.	3. WRONGFUL TERMINATION IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY;
17	Doronamis.	4. RETALIATION;
18		5. FAILURE TO INVESTIGATE;
19		6. FAILURE TO TAKE
20		REASONABLE STEPS TO PREVENT DISCRIMINATION;
21		7. HOSTILE WORK
22 23		ENVIRONMENT HARASSMENT;
24		8. NEGLIGENT HIRING, SUPERVISION AND/OR
25		SUPERVISION AND/OR RETENTION;
26		9. INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS.
27		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
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		1
	COMPLAINT	FOR DAMAGES
- 11		

COMES NOW, Plaintiff Danielle Oropeza for a cause of action against Defendants, and each of them, hereby alleges as follows:

(Parties and Agency)

- 1. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff Danielle Oropeza, hereinafter referred to as "Danielle," "Ms. Oropeza" or "Plaintiff" was and currently is a resident of Los Angeles, State of California.
- 2. Plaintiff is informed and believe and thereon alleges that at all times relevant hereto Defendant Starbucks Corporation, was and now is a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Washington, and registered to do business in the state of California (hereinafter referred to as "Starbucks" or "Defendant").
- 3. Whenever in this Complaint reference is made to "Defendants," such allegations shall be deemed to refer to Starbucks and Does 1 through 50, inclusive, and shall mean the acts of Defendants acting individually, jointly, and/or severally.
- 4. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise, of Defendants sued herein as Does 1 through 50, inclusive, are currently unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sue said Defendants by their fictitious names. Plaintiffs are informed and believe. And based thereon allege, that each of the Defendants designated therein as Doe is legally responsible in some manner for the events and happenings referred to herein and caused injury and damages proximately thereby to Plaintiff as hereinafter alleged. Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of the Defendants designated hereinafter as Does when the same have been finally ascertained.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that at all times mentioned herein, each of the Defendants was the agent, servant, employee, co-venturer and co-conspirator of each of the remaining Defendants, and was at all times herein mentioned, acting within the course, scope, purpose, consent, knowledge, ratification, and authorization of such agency, employment, joint venture, and conspiracy, and that each and every Defendant, as aforesaid, when acting as a principal, was negligent in the

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27 28 selection and hiring of each and every other Defendant as an agent, employee and/or joint venturer.

- 6. Defendants, and each of them, through their managers, directors, officers, and other agents, directly oversaw, managed, and/or controlled all aspects of the operation and management of said Defendants, including, but not limited to staffing, staff training, policy and procedure manuals which Defendants' employees were required to implement and follow.
- Defendants, and each of them, through their administrators, directors and 7. managing agents ratified all conduct of Defendants as alleged herein.
- At all relevant times, Defendants, and each of them, by their acts and 8. omissions as alleged herein, operated pursuant to an agreement, with a common purpose and community of interest, with an equal right of control, and subject to participation in profits and losses, as further alleged herein, such that they operated a joint enterprise or joint venture, subjecting each of them to liability for the acts and omission of each other.

(Venue)

Venue is properly located in Los Angeles County because Defendants' 9. wrongful acts occurred in Los Angeles County, and the corporate Defendant operates in Los Angeles County.

(Facts Common to All Counts)

- Ms. Oropeza began working for Starbucks in or about November 2014. At 10. all times relevant hereto, Plaintiff was employed by Starbucks in a position of a Barista.
- In or about January 2015, Ms. Oropeza notified her supervisor Shelly 11. Clunas, the store manager, that she was pregnant.
- Shortly thereafter, Ms. Oropeza was subjected to severe and pervasive 12. discrimination and harassment on the basis of her pregnancy and was targeted for termination. She was overly scrutinized and written up for conduct that non-pregnant employees engaged in regularly without reprimand. Furthermore, despite of and due to her continuous requests for accommodation based on her pregnancy-related disability, she

continued to be subjected to harassment and discrimination. As such:

- (1) Ms. Oropeza notified her supervisors that she was unable to stand for prolonged periods of time and was developing preeclampsia (per doctor's note). Nevertheless, she was scheduled to work at the primary registry for over 4 (four) hours straight with no one to relieve her. Contrary to her doctor's recommendation, she was not allowed to sit down and/or ambulate, and would get severe cramps in her legs. When she attempted to move around to relieve the discomfort, she was reprimanded by the management.
- (2) Like most pregnant women, Ms. Oropeza developed urinary incontinence and thus required frequent bathroom breaks. A doctor's note to that effect was supplied to Ms. Clunas. However, Ms. Oropeza's requests for restroom breaks would often be dismissed and she would be asked to wait for the next available rest period. That caused her extreme discomfort and constituted severe health risks.
- (3) Due to her pregnancy, Ms. Oropeza required snack breaks. Starbucks'' "no food or drink policy" precluded Ms. Oropeza from consuming any liquids or foods during her continuos shifts of over 4 hours, contrary to her doctor's recommendations, casing near syncope episodes. Furthermore, because Ms. Oropeza was not allowed to use the bathroom at the time she needed it (see above), she was forced to utilize her 10 minute rest periods for her bathroom breaks. There is no employee bathroom facility at the subject location and therefore, Ms. Oropeza would frequently have to stand in line along with the customers thereby relinquishing her snack breaks.
- (4) Ms. Oropeza was required to clean the bathrooms utilizing highly toxic chemicals. She indicated that she was unable to do so due to the pregnancy-related restrictions and produced a doctor's note to that effect.

 Nevertheless, she was instructed to wear a face mask and forced to

 continue.

- 13. Ms. Oropeza brought all of these complaints to the attention of Ms. Clunas who stated that she would look into it. When the discrimination and harassment continued without a slightest abatement, Ms. Oropeza contacted Starbucks' HR Office and filed a formal complaint.
- 14. In or about March 2015, Ms. Oropeza (9 months pregnant) notified Ms. Clunas that she was planning on starting her maternity leave on April 4, 2015. On April 1, 2015, Ms. Oropeza was summoned to the management office and notified by Mark Jones, a manager, that she was being terminated from her employment for pretextual reasons. Mr. Jones commented that Ms. Oropeza was becoming a burden, that they were there to "run a business," and that her multiple requests for accommodation were becoming a problem. Ms. Oropeza was escorted out, not allowed to pick up her personal belongings and never given a copy of her termination documentation despite her numerous requests.
- 15. The harassment, discrimination and the ultimate termination caused Ms. Oropeza severe stress, anxiety, crying spells, and depression. Starbucks and its agents and employees harassed, discriminated, and retaliated against Ms. Oropeza based on her disabilities, need for medical leave, and need for accommodations. Despite being aware of Ms. Oropeza's disabilities and need for accommodations, Starbucks continued to demand Ms. Oropeza engage in activities she was not allowed to engaged in due to her pregnancy. Ms. Oropeza engaged in a protected activity and protested against the harassment, discrimination, and retaliation she was being subjected to based on her disability but Starbucks simply dismissed those complaints.
- 16. Plaintiff is informed, believes and herein alleges that other person (people) was (were) contracted to perform her duties immediately after her termination.
- 17. In perpetrating the acts and omissions alleged herein, Defendants, and each of them, acted pursuant to and in furtherance of a policy and practice of harassment and discrimination based on Plaintiff's pregnancy by retaliating against her for asserting her

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right to pregnancy accommodation; failing to transfer; failing to accommodate; and making adverse employment decisions such as disciplinary action and termination on the basis of Plaintiff's pregnancy.

Furthermore, the outrageous conduct of Defendants, described above, was 18. done with malice, fraud and oppression; with conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights; and with the intent, design and purpose of injuring Plaintiff. Said Defendants through its officers, managing agents and/or supervisors authorized, condoned and/or ratified the unlawful conduct of all of the other Defendants named in this action. By reason thereof, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive or exemplary damages from Defendants in a sum according to proof at trial.

(Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies)

Plaintiff filed a complaint with the State of California, Department of Fair 19. Employment and Housing, hereinafter referred to as ("DFEH"); on or about June 4, 2015. On June 4, 2015, the DFEH issued a right to sue and notice of case closure.1

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

PREGNANCY / SEX / DISABILITY DISCRIMINATION

(Against All Defendants)

- 20. Plaintiff hereby realleges and incorporates by reference, as though fully set forth herein, the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 20.
- This cause of action arises in part under California Government Code 21. Section 12940, which states in relevant part: "It is an unlawful employment practice, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification, or, except where based upon applicable security regulations established by the United States or the State of California: (a) For an employer, because of the race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, marital status, sex, age, or sexual orientation of any person, to refuse to hire or employ the person or to refuse to select the

¹ See Exhibit A for a true and correct copy of DFEH Complaint and Notice of Case Closure / Right to Sue Letter.

person for a training program leading to employment, or to bar or to discharge the person from employment or from a training program leading to employment, or to discriminate against the person in compensation or in terms, conditions, or privileges of employment."

- 22. Plaintiff is informed and believes that her sex, medical condition and/or pregnancy-related disability, were a motivating reason in Defendant's decision to terminate her.
- 23. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Plaintiff was an employee protected by the California Fair Employment and Housing Act.
- 24. Defendants, by and through their agents and employees, engaged in a pattern and practice of unlawful discrimination against Plaintiff on the basis of her sex, disability, and pregnancy in violation of the California Fair Employment and Housing Act.
- 25. As is detailed above, Defendants made inappropriate comments about Plaintiff's pregnancy and condition, created a hostile work environment regarding her pregnancy, denied reasonable accommodations to Plaintiff, refused to engage in a good faith interactive dialogue with her, demoted her, and further discriminated against her by, *inter alia*, terminating her. All these actions, among others, were motivated, at least in part, by animus toward Plaintiff because of her sex, disability and pregnancy.
- 26. Upon information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that in addition to the practices enumerated above. Defendants engaged in other discriminatory practices against Plaintiff which are not yet fully known. At such time as said discriminatory practices become known, Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint.
- 27. As a proximate result of Defendants' willful, knowing and intentional discrimination against her, Plaintiff has suffered mental anguish, medical expenses, and lost earnings and benefits. Plaintiff is thereby entitled to general and compensatory damages in amounts to be proven at trial.
- 28. As a further direct and proximate result of Defendant's violation of Government Code §12900, et seq. as set forth above, the Plaintiff has been compelled to

retain the services of counsel in an effort to enforce the terms and conditions of the employment relationship with Defendant, and has thereby incurred, and will continue to incur, legal fees and costs, the full nature and extent of which are presently unknown. Plaintiff requests that attorneys' fees be awarded pursuant to Government Code §12965 according to proof.

29. Because the discriminatory acts against Plaintiff were carried out, authorized or ratified by Defendants' directors, supervisors, shareholders, officers and/or managing agents, acting with malice, oppression or fraud, or deliberate, willful and conscious disregard of the probability of causing injury to Plaintiff, as reflected by actions described earlier in this Complaint, and because said Defendants through their officers, managing agents and/or supervisors authorized, condoned and/or ratified the unlawful conduct of all of the other Defendants named in this action, Plaintiff seeks punitive damages against Defendants, in order to deter them from such and similar conduct in the future. Defendants' willful violation of FEHA is a violation of a fundamental public policy against discrimination and is therefore subject to punitive damages.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

FAILURE TO ACCOMMODATE PREGNANCY-RELATED DISABILITY (Against All Defendants)

- 30. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 38 above as though fully set forth in detail herein.
- 31. Defendants, and each of them, by and through their agents and employees, engaged in an unlawful employment practice when they failed to provide reasonable accommodations to the disabled plaintiff in violation of The Fair Employment and Housing Act.
- 32. Plaintiff notified Defendants that she was suffering from a pregnancy-related disability and requested a reasonable accommodation. Her request for accommodation was reasonable and did not cause the defendant to suffer an undue burden. Defendants refused to provide any reasonable accommodation, demoted Plaintiff,

and later terminated Plaintiff.

- 33. Upon information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that in addition to the practices enumerated above, Defendant has engaged in other discriminatory practices against Plaintiff which are not yet fully known. At such time as said discriminatory practices become known, Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint.
- 34. As a proximate result of Defendants' willful, knowing and intentional discrimination against her, Plaintiff has suffered mental anguish, medical expenses, and lost earnings and benefits. Plaintiff is thereby entitled to general and compensatory damages in amounts to be proven at trial.
- 35. As a further direct and proximate result of Defendants in violation of Government Code § 12900, et seq., as set forth above, Plaintiff has been compelled to retain the services of counsel in an effort to enforce the terms and conditions of the employment relationship with Defendant, and has thereby incurred, and will continue to incur, legal fees and costs, the full nature and extent of which are presently unknown. Plaintiff requests that attorneys' fees be awarded pursuant to Government Code § 12965 according to proof.
- 36. Furthermore, the outrageous conduct of Defendants, described above, was done with malice, fraud and oppression; with conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights; and with the intent, design and purpose of injuring Plaintiff. Said Defendants through its officers, managing agents and/or supervisors authorized, condoned and/or ratified the unlawful conduct of all of the other Defendants named in this action. By reason thereof, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive or exemplary damages from Defendants in a sum according to proof at trial.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

WRONGFUL TERMINATION IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY (Against All Defendants)

37. Plaintiff re-alleges the information set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 45 above, and incorporates these paragraphs into this cause of action as if they were fully

alleged herein.

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- 38. At all time relevant herein, Article 1, Section 8 of the California Constitution, California Government Code §§12940, 12945, California Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, were in full force and effect and were binding on all Defendants.
- 39. Plaintiff believes and thereon alleges that failure to accommodate her pregnancy and pregnancy discrimination were motivating reasons in Defendants' decision to terminate her. Moreover, Plaintiff believes that a motivating reason in Defendants' decision to terminate her was that Defendants did not want to allow Plaintiff to take a pregnancy leave or to provide a reasonable accommodation for the Plaintiff's pregnancy or related medical conditions. Such discrimination is in violation of the public policy of the State of California as reflected in Gov Code §§12940 and 12945 and has resulted in damages and injury to Plaintiff as alleged herein.
- 40. Defendants' actions, as mentioned, including without limitation, discrimination based on Defendants' medical condition, retaliation, denial of pregnancy leave, and refusal to provide reasonable accommodation for Plaintiff's pregnancy, and their decision to terminate Plaintiff effects society at large as it violates the following policies:
- a. Article 1, Section 8 of the California Constitution and the public policy of the State of California thereon, which required all Defendants to refrain from committing acts of discrimination based on sex, pregnancy and/or pregnancy-related disability and wrongful termination stemming from such discrimination.
- b. Gov. Code §12940 et seq. And the public policy of the State of California which required all Defendants to refrain from committing acts of discrimination based on sex, pregnancy and/or pregnancy-related disability and wrongful termination stemming from such discrimination.
- c. Gov. Code §12945 which provides that it shall be an unlawful employment practice, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification: (a) For

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27 28 an employer to refuse to allow a female employee disabled by pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions to take a leave for a reasonable period of time not to exceed four months and thereafter return to work, as set forth in the commission's regulations...; (b) (1) For an employer to refuse to provide reasonable accommodation for an employee for conditions related to pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions, if she so requests, with the advice of her health care provider; (2) For an employer who has a policy, practice, or collective bargaining agreement requiring or authorizing the transfer of temporarily disabled employees to less strenuous or hazardous positions for the duration of the disability to refuse to transfer a pregnant female employee who so requests; (3) For an employer to refuse to temporarily transfer a pregnant female employee to a less strenuous or hazardous position for the duration of her pregnancy if she so requests. with the advice of her physician. where that transfer can be reasonably accommodated;

- California Business and Professions Code §§17200 et seq. which d. prohibits any unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice;
- Such other further and alternative laws, policies, regulations and e. ordinances that the evidence shows were violated.
- Defendants violated articulated, fundamental public policies affecting 41. society at large, by violating the statutes described above.
- Furthermore, Plaintiff is informed, believes and hereby alleges that 42. Defendants fabricated evidence to justify discharging Plaintiff in wilful and conscious disregard for Employee's rights.
- As a direct, foreseeable, and proximate result of Defendants' numerous 43. violations, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer humiliation, embarrassment, mental and emotional distress, substantial losses in salary. bonus. job benefits, and other employment benefits she would have received from Defendants, all to Plaintiff's damage, in an amount unknown at this time but to be proven at trial.
 - Based on the grossly reckless and/or intentional, malicious, and bad faith 44.

manner in which Defendants conducted themselves as described herein, by willfully violating those statutes enumerated above, Plaintiff prays for punitive damages against Defendants in an amount to be determined at the time of trial, that is sufficiently high to punish Defendants, and deter Defendants from engaging in such conduct in the future, and to make an example them to others.

- 45. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the outrageous conduct of Defendants described above was done with oppression and malice and was ratified by the other individuals who were managing agents of those directly responsible.
- 46. These unlawful acts were further ratified by Defendants and done with a conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights and with the intent, design and purpose of injuring Plaintiff. By reason thereof, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive or exemplary damages against Defendants for their acts as described in this cause of action in a sum to be determined at the time of trial.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION RETALIATION (Applied All Defendents)

(Against All Defendants)

- 47. Plaintiff re-alleges the information set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 54 above, and incorporates these paragraphs into this cause of action as if they were fully alleged herein.
- 48. Defendants, and each of them, by and through their agents and employees, engaged in an unlawful employment practices in that when Plaintiff notified them of her pregnancy and her pregnancy-related disability, and request reasonable accommodation, they failed to provide such reasonable accommodations to Plaintiff, demoted, and later terminated her.
- 49. The conduct above by Defendants constitutes unlawful retaliation for requesting a protected leave or accommodation under California Government Code §§12926, 12940, 12945, et seq.
- 50. Upon information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that in addition to the practices enumerated above, Defendants have engaged in other discriminatory practices

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against Plaintiff which are not yet fully known. At such time as said discriminatory practices become known, Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

FAILURE TO INVESTIGATE

(Against All Defendants)

- 51. Plaintiff hereby realleges and incorporates by reference, as though fully set forth herein, the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 58.
- Defendants are employers in the State of California, as defined in the 52. California Fair Employment and Housing Act ("FEHA").
- Defendants failed to investigate after having knowledge of discriminatory 53. incidents, i.e. Defendants agents' failure to accommodate Plaintiff after learning of her pregnancy, and her wrongful termination. This failure is in violation of the California Fair Employment and Housing Act.
- As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' failure to investigate as 54. described in this Complaint, Plaintiff has sustained and will suffer damages in an amount within the jurisdiction of this court, the exact amount to be proven at trial.
- 55. In addition, Plaintiff is entitled to attorney's fees in prosecution of this lawsuit, pursuant to Government Code Section 12965 (b).
- Further, because the failure to investigate was an omission committed by 56. Defendants, including officers, supervisors, shareholders, directors and/or managing agents of the company, who acted with malice, oppression or fraud, or were deliberate, willful and acted in conscious disregard of the probability of causing injury to Plaintiff, Plaintiff seeks punitive damages against Defendants in order to deter them from such conduct and allowing such conduct in the future. Defendants' willful violation of FEHA is a violation of a fundamental public policy against discrimination and is therefore subject to punitive damages.

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COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

FAILURE TO TAKE REASONABLE STEPS TO PREVENT

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

DISCRIMINATION
(Against All Defendants)

- 57. Plaintiff hereby realleges and incorporates by reference, as though fully set forth herein, the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 64.
- 58. Defendants were and at all times relevant herein were employers in the State of California, as defined in the California Fair Employment and Housing Act ("FEHA").
- 59. Defendants failed to take all reasonable steps to prevent discrimination before and/or after Plaintiff gave notice of her pregnancy discrimination, by among other things, failing to train supervisors, and failing to comply with posting requirements. This failure is in violation of the California Fair Employment and Housing Act.
- 60. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' failure to take all reasonable steps to prevent discrimination as described in this complaint, Plaintiff has sustained and will suffer damages in an amount within the jurisdiction of this court, the exact amount to be proven at trial.
- 61. In addition, Plaintiff is entitled to attorney's fees in prosecution of this lawsuit, pursuant to Government Code Section 12965(b).
- 62. Further, because the failure to take all reasonable steps to prevent discrimination, and harassment, and/or retaliation, was an omission committed by Defendants, including officers, supervisors, directors and/or managing agents of the company, who acted with malice, oppression or fraud, or were deliberate, willful and acted in conscious disregard of the probability of causing injury to Plaintiff by failing to act, Plaintiff seeks punitive damages against Defendants in order to deter them from such conduct and allowing such conduct in the future. Defendants' violation of FEHA is a violation of a fundamental public policy against discrimination and is therefore subject to punitive damages.

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SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT HARASSMENT

(Against All Defendants)

- 63. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint and incorporates same by this reference as though set forth at length herein.
- 64. The above acts and omissions intentionally created an ongoing hostile work environment and/or sexual harassment against Plaintiff, and were intended to harass Plaintiff and other similarly situated females because of their sex.
- 65. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful conduct as alleged in this Complaint, Plaintiff has suffered extreme and severe anguish, humiliation, anger, tension, anxiety, depression, lowered self-esteem, sleeplessness, and emotional distress.
- 66. As a direct and proximate result of the unlawful conduct, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer loss of income, loss of earning capacity, loss of job opportunity, and other losses.
- 67. Because the Defendants failed to prevent discrimination and harassment in violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, Plaintiff is entitled to recover attorney's fees and costs in this action pursuant to California Government Code Section 12965(b).
- 68. Because the acts taken toward Plaintiff were carried out by Defendants acting in a deliberate, cold, callous, malicious, oppressive, and intentional manner in order to damage Plaintiff, Plaintiff requests the assessment of punitive damages against Defendants in an amount appropriate to punish and make an example of Defendants.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

NEGLIGENT HIRING, SUPERVISION, AND/OR RETENTION

(Against All Defendants)

69. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint and incorporates same by this reference as though

set forth at length herein.

- 70. Defendants Starbucks DOES 1-50 negligently hired, supervised, and/or retained its employees, Shelly Clunas and Mark Jones.
- 71. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges that Defendant Starbucks knew or should have known of those employees' unfitness or incompetence to perform the job but unreasonably retained and/or failed to supervise them.
- 72. Plaintiff is informed, believes and herein alleges that Defendant Starbucks breached its duty of care to Plaintiff by failing to properly supervise, and by retaining said employees as follows: (a) by failing to take action following reports of pregnancy discrimination and harassment committed by Mark Jones and Shelly Clunas; (b) by disregarding prior complaints and reports of harassment against Mark Jones and Shelly Clunas; (c) by retaining Mark Jones and Shelly Clunas as employees, all of which created an unreasonable risk of harm to all Starbucks' employees and beneficiaries. The harm suffered by Plaintiff could have been avoided if Starbucks had reasonably supervised its employees because ti would have discovered that they were acting unlawfully.
- 73. The harm caused by Mark Jones and Shelly Clunas was directly related to their unfitness for the job.
- 74. As a further proximate result of Starbucks' and its employees' acts and/or omissions, Plaintiff has suffered humiliation, mental anguish, and emotional distress in the amount to be proven at trial.

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

(Against All Defendants)

- 75. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation of all previous and subsequent paragraphs in this complaint as though fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 76. Defendants' discrimination, harassment, and failure to prevent and investigate either as set forth herein, were so outrageous and extreme as to exceed all

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bounds of that usually tolerated in a civilized community. Such actions and omissions were done knowingly, intentionally, willfully, and with the intent and/or reckless disregard of the probability of causing Plaintiff serious and severe emotional distress.

- 77. As a direct and proximate result of the said acts, Plaintiff has suffered great mental, physical, nervous discomfort, annoyance, distress, anguish, worry, anxiety, pain and suffering, and has lost wages and related benefits, past and future.
- 78. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that Defendants' actions and omissions were despicable conduct that constitutes fraud, oppression and/malice within the meaning of California Civil Code Section 3294 and subjected PLAINTIFF to cruel ad unjust hardship in conscious disregard for his rights and safety.
- 79. Wherefore, Plaintiff has been damaged as set forth above and requests relief as hereafter provided.

WHEREFORE Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants jointly and severally as follows:

AS TO THE FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION:

- 1. For general and special damages in the amount to be proven at trial;
- 2. For exemplary and punitive damages;
- 3. For attorney's fees as allowed by law;
- 4. For interest, including prejudgment interest, at the legal rate;
- 4. For costs of suit herein incurred.

AS TO THE SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION:

- 1. For general and special damages in the amount to be proven at trial;
- 2. For exemplary and punitive damages;
- 3. For attorney's fees as allowed by law;
- 4. For costs of suit herein incurred.

AS TO THE THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION:

- 1. For general and special damages in the amount to be proven at trial;
- 2. For exemplary and punitive damages;

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A TO J. BOLLINGER DECL. - PAGE 24

STATE OF CALIFORNIA | Business, Consumer Services and Housing Agency

GOVERNOR EDMUND G. BROWN JR.

DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING

DIRECTOR KEVIN KISH

2218 Kausen Drive, Suite 100 | Elk Grove | CA | 95758 800-884-1684 | TDD 800-700-2320 www.dfeh.ca.gov | email: contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov

AMENDED

June 04, 2015

Danielle Oropeza 10990 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1175 Los Angeles CA 90024

RE: Notice of Case Closure and Right to Sue

DFEH Matter Number: 98596-162377-R

Right to Sue: Oropeza / Starbucks Corporation

Dear Danielle Oropeza,

This letter informs you that the above-referenced complaint was filed with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH) has been closed effective June 04, 2015 because an immediate Right to Sue notice was requested. DFEH will take no further action on the complaint.

This letter is also your Right to Sue notice. According to Government Code section 12965, subdivision (b), a civil action may be brought under the provisions of the Fair Employment and Housing Act against the person, employer, labor organization or employment agency named in the above-referenced complaint. The civil action must be filed within one year from the date of this letter.

To obtain a federal Right to Sue notice, you must visit the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) to file a complaint within 30 days of receipt of this DFEH Notice of Case Closure or within 300 days of the alleged discriminatory act, whichever is earlier.

Sincerely,

Department of Fair Employment and Housing

STATE OF CALIFORNIA | Business, Consumer Services and Housing Agency

GOVERNOR EDMUND G. BROWN JR.

DIRECTOR KEVIN KISH

DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING
2218 Kausen Drive, Suite 100 | Elk Grove | CA | 95758
800-884-1684 | TDD 800-700-2320
www.dfeh.ca.gov | email: contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov

AMENDED

Enclosures

cc:

1 COMPLAINT OF EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION 2 BEFORE THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 3 DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING Under the California Fair Employment and Housing Act 4 (Gov. Code, § 12900 et seq.) 5 6 In the Matter of the Complaint of DFEH No. 98596-162377-R Danielle Oropeza, Complainant. 7 10990 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1175 8 Los Angeles CA 90024 9 vs. 10 Starbucks Corporation Respondent. 11 2710 Gateway Oaks Dr., Suite 150N Sacramento, California 95833 12 13 14 Complainant alleges: 15 1. Respondent Starbucks Corporation is a Private Employer subject to suit under the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) (Gov. Code, § 12900 et seq.). Complainant believes respondent is 16 subject to the FEHA. 17 2. On or around April 01, 2015, complainant alleges that respondent took the following adverse actions against complainant: Discrimination, Harassment, Retaliation Asked impermissible non-job-related questions, 18 Demoted, Denied a good faith interactive process, Denied a work environment free of discrimination and/or retaliation, Denied continuation of employer-paid health care coverage while on pregnancy 19 disability leave, Denied employment, Denied equal pay, Denied family care or medical leave, Denied or forced to transfer, Denied pregnancy leave, Denied reasonable accommodation, Terminated, . 20 Complainant believes respondent committed these actions because of their: Disability, Engagement in Protected Activity, Family Care or Medical Leave, Race, Sex-Gender, Sex - Pregnancy. 21 3. Complainant Danielle Oropeza resides in the City of Los Angeles, State of CA. If complaint includes co-22 respondents please see below. DEEH 902-1 Complaint - DFEH No. 98596-162377-R Date Filed: June 04, 2015 Date Amended: June 04, 2015

Additional Complaint Details:

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Complainant Danielle A. Oropeza began working for Respondent Starbucks Corporation in or about November 2014. In or about January 2015, Ms. Oropeza notified her supervisor Shelly Clunas, the store manager, that she was pregnant. Shortly thereafter, Ms. Oropeza was subjected to severe and pervasive discrimination and harassment on the basis of her pregnancy and was targeted for termination. She was overly scrutinized and written up for conduct that non-pregnant employees engaged in regularly without reprimand. Furthermore, despite of and due to her continuous requests for accommodation based on her pregnancy-related disability, she continued to be subjected to harassment and discrimination. As such:(1) Ms. Oropeza notified her supervisors that she was unable to stand for prolonged periods of time and was developing preeclampsia (per doctors note). Nevertheless, she was scheduled to work at the primary registry for over 4 (four) hours straight with no one to relieve her. Contrary to her doctors recommendation, she was not allowed to sit down and/or ambulate, and would get severe cramps in her legs. When she attempted to move around to relieve the discomfort, she was reprimanded by the management.(2)Like most pregnant women, Ms. Oropeza developed urinary incontinence and thus required frequent bathroom breaks. A doctors note to that effect was supplied to Ms. Clunas. However, Ms. Oropezas requests for restroom breaks would often be dismissed and she would be asked to wait for the next available rest period. That caused her extreme discomfort and constituted severe health risks. (3) Due to her pregnancy, Ms. Oropeza required snack breaks. Starbucks no food or drink policy precluded Ms. Oropeza from consuming any liquids or foods during her continuous shifts of over 4 hours, contrary to her doctors recommendations, casing near syncope episodes. Furthermore, because Ms. Oropeza was not allowed to use the bathroom at the time she needed it (see above), she was forced to utilize her 10 minute rest periods for her bathroom breaks. There is no employee bathroom facility at the subject location and therefore, Ms. Oropeza would frequently have to stand in line along with the customers thereby relinquishing her snack breaks.(4) Ms. Oropeza was required to clean the bathrooms utilizing highly toxic chemicals. She indicated that she was unable to do so due to the pregnancy-related restrictions and produced a doctors note to that effect. Nevertheless, she was instructed to wear a face mask and forced to continue.Ms. Oropeza brought all of these complaints to the attention of Ms. Clunas who stated that she would look into it. When the discrimination and harassment continued without a slightest abatement, Ms. Oropeza contacted Starbucks HR Office and filed a formal complaint. In or about March 2015, Ms. Oropeza (9 months pregnant) notified Ms. Clunas that she was planning on starting her maternity leave on April 4, 2015. On April 1, 2015, Ms. Oropeza was summoned to the management office and notified by Mark Jones, a manager, that she was being terminated from her employment for pretextual reasons. Mr. Jones

DFEH 902-1

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Complaint - DFEH No. 98596-162377-R

Date Filed: June 04, 2015

Date Amended: June 04, 2015

commented that Ms. Oropeza was becoming a burden, that they were there to run a business, and that her multiple requests for accommodation were becoming a problem. Ms. Oropeza was escorted out, not allowed to pick up her personal belongings and never given a copy of her termination documentation despite her numerous requests. The harassment, discrimination and the ultimate termination caused Ms. Oropeza severe stress, anxiety, crying spells, and depression. Starbucks and its agents and employees harassed, discriminated, and retaliated against Ms. Oropeza based on her disabilities, need for medical leave, and need for accommodations. Despite being aware of Ms. Oropezas disabilities and need for accommodations, Starbucks continued to demand Ms. Oropeza engage in activities she was not allowed to engaged in due to her pregnancy. Ms. Oropeza engaged in a protected activity and protested against the harassment, discrimination, and retaliation she was being subjected to based on her disability but Starbucks simply dismissed those complaints. In perpetrating the acts and omissions alleged herein. Starbucks acted pursuant to and in furtherance of a policy and practice of harassment and discrimination based on Complainants pregnancy by retaliating against her for asserting her right to pregnancy accommodation, failing to transfer, failing to accommodate, and making adverse employment decisions such as disciplinary action and termination on the basis of Complainants pregnancy.

DFEH 902-1

-7-

Complaint - DFEH No. 98596-162377-R

Date Filed: June 04, 2015

Date Amended: June 04, 2015

		<u></u>
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bail STEPHEN BERNAMO 73 (BBIT # P6 P3 A) ALENA KLIMIANOK (Bar # 266910)	number, and address): Document 1-2 Filed 06/22/1	FOR COURT USE ONLY Page 28 of 34 Page ID #:41
Bernard & Bernard 10990 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1175, Los Ang TELEPHONE NO.: (310) 312-0220	FAX NO.: (310) 312-0016	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): DANIELLE OROPEZA,		— CONFORMED COP
STREET ADDRESS: 111 N. Hill Street	OS ANGELES	OF ORIGINAL FILED Los Angeles Superior Court
MAILING ADDRESS: (same)		
city and zip code: Los Angeles, CA 90	012	JUN 0 8 2015
BRANCH NAME: Central		
CASE NAME:		Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk
OROPEZA v. STARBUC	KS CORPORATION, et al.	By: Moses Soto, Deputy
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER BC 5 8 4 4 1 4
X Unlimited Limited	Counter Joinder	
(Amount (Amount		JUDGE;
demanded demanded is exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	Filed with first appearance by defendation (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	DEPT:
	low must be completed (see instructions o	n page 2).
1. Check one box below for the case type the		Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation
Auto Tort Auto (22)		Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400–3.403)
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
	_ [Construction defect (10)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Other collections (09)	
Asbestos (04)	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)
Product liability (24)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
	Real Property	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Medical malpractice (45)	Eminent domain/Inverse (condemnation (14)	Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	Wrongful eviction (33)	types (41)
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Other real property (26)	inforcement of Judgment
Business tort/unfair business practice (07	/)	
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)
Defamation (13)	[liscellaneous Civil Complaint
Fraud (16)	Residential (32)	RICO (27)
Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Professional negligence (25)	Judicial Review	liscellaneous Civil Petition
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)
<u>Emp</u> loyment	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)
X Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)	
2. This case is X is not comfactors requiring exceptional judicial mana		es of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
a. Large number of separately repre	. —	of witnesses
b. Extensive motion practice raising	• —	vith related actions pending in one or more courts
issues that will be time-consumin		es, states, or countries, or in a federal court
c. Substantial amount of documenta		stjudgment judicial supervision
3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a	.X monetary b. nonmonetary; d	eclaratory or injunctive relief c. X punitive
 Number of causes of action (specify). NII 	, ,,	sciaratory of injurious Folior of [22] puritive
	ss action suit.	
 5. This case is is not a cla 6. If there are any known related cases, file 		SV US TOWN CM-015)
•	and serve a notice of related case. (100 a	ay de 19 m em e 10 m
Date: June 5, 2015		
STEPHEN BERNARD (TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		MATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
	NOTICE //	
l	first paper filed in the action or proceeding	g (except small claims cases or cases filed s of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result
 in sanctions. File this cover sheet in addition to any cove If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et 	ver sheet required by local court rule. seq. of the California Rules of Court, you	must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
other parties to the action or proceeding.	•	
 Unless this is a collections case under rule 	e 5.740 or a complex case, this cover she	et will be used for statistical purposes offly. Page 1 of 2

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California CM-010 [Rev. July 1, 2007]

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET

Cal. Rules of Court, rules 2.30, 3.220, 3.400–3.403, 3.740;
Cal. Standards of Judicial Administration, std. 3.10
www.courtinfo.ca.gov
LexisNexis® Automated California Judicial Council Forms

EXHIBIT A TO J. BOLLINGER DECL. - PAGE 30



Case 2:15-cv-04738-INSTRUCTIONS ON LOWITE COMPLETE COVER SHEET 34 Page ID #:42

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the *Civil Case Cover Sheet* to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiff's designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

Auto Tort

Auto (22)—Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to arbitration, check this item instead of Auto)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/ Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort

Asbestos (04)

Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death Product Liability (not asbestos or

Product Liability (not asbestos o toxic/environmental) (24)
Medical Malpractice (45)

Medical Malpractice (45)

Physicians & Surgeons

Other Professional Health Care Malpractice

Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Premises Liability (e.g., slip

and fall)

Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD (e.g., assault, vandalism)

Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress

Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress Other PI/PD/WD

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Unfair Business Practice (07)

Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, false arrest) (not civil

harassment) (08) Defamation (e.g., slander, libel)

(13) Fraud (16)

Intellectual Property (19)

Professional Negligence (25)

Legal Malpractice

Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)

Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

Employment

CM-010 [Rev. July 1, 2007]

Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES

Contract

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06)
Breach of Rental/Lease
Contract (not unlawful detainer
or wrongful eviction)

Contract/Warranty Breach—Seller Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence)

Negligent Breach of Contract/

Warranty

Other Breach of Contract/Warranty

Collections (e.g., money owed, open

book accounts) (09)

Collection Case—Seller Plaintiff
Other Promissory Note/Collections
Case

Insurance Coverage (not provisionally complex) (18)

Auto Subrogation

Other Coverage

Other Contract (37)
Contractual Fraud

Other Contract Dispute

Real Property

Eminent Domain/Inverse

Condemnation (14)

Wrongful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26)

Writ of Possession of Real Property

Mortgage Foreclosure

Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent

domain, landlord/tenant, or

foreclosure)

Unlawful Detainer

Commercial (31)

Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise, report as Commercial or Residential)

Judicial Review

Asset Forfeiture (05)

Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)

Writ of Mandate (02)

Writ-Administrative Mandamus
Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court

Case Matter

Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review

Other Judicial Review (39)

Review of Health Officer Order Notice of Appeal-Labor

Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400–3.403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)

Construction Defect (10)

Claims Involving Mass Tort (40) Securities Litigation (28)

Environmental/Toxic Tort (30)

Insurance Coverage Claims
(arising from provisionally complex

case type listed above) (41)

Enforcement of Judgment

Enforcement of Judgment (20)
Abstract of Judgment (Out of County)

Confession of Judgment (nondomestic relations)

Sister State Judgment

Administrative Agency Award

(not unpaid taxes)

Petition/Certification of Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Taxes

Other Enforcement of Judgment Case

Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

RICO (27)

Other Complaint (not specified

above) (42)

Declaratory Relief Only Injunctive Relief Only (non-

harassment)

Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint

Case (non-tort/non-complex)

Other Civil Complaint

(non-tort/non-complex)

Miscellaneous Civil Petition

Partnership and Corporate

Governance (21)

Other Petition (not specified

above) (43) Civil Harassment

Workplace Violence

Elder/Dependent Adult

Abuse

Election Contest

Petition for Name Change

Petition for Relief From Late

Claim

Other Civil Petition

EXHIBIT A TO J. BOLLINGER DECL. - PAGE 31

BC 5 8 4 4 1 4

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

This form is required pursuant to Local Rule 2.0 in all new civil case filings in the Los Angeles Superior Court.							
tem I. Check the types of hearing and fill in the estimated length of hearing expected for this case:							
JURY TRIAL? X YES	CLASS ACTION? YES	LIMITED CASE? YES	TIME ESTIMATED FOR TRIAL 7-10 _ HOURS/	X DAYS			

Item II. Indicate the correct district and courthouse location (4 steps – If you checked "Limited Case", skip to Item III, Pg. 4):

Step 1: After first completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet form, find the main Civil Case Cover Sheet heading for your case in the left margin below, and, to the right in Column A, the Civil Case Cover Sheet case type you selected.

Step 2: Check <u>one</u> Superior Court type of action in Column **B** below which best describes the nature of this case.

Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0.

Applicable Reasons for Choosing Courthouse Location (see Column C below)

- Class actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse, central district.
- May be filed in central (other county, or no bodily injury/property damage).
- Location where cause of action arose.
 Location where bodily injury, death or damage occurred.
 Location where performance required or defendant resides.
- 6. Location of property or permanently garaged vehicle.7. Location where petitioner resides.
- Location where petitioner resides.
- Location wherein defendant/respondent functions wholly.
 Location where one or more of the parties reside.
 Location of Labor Commissioner Office
- **Step 4:** Fill in the information requested on page 4 in Item III; complete Item IV. Sign the declaration.

В Type of Action Applicable Reasons -Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No. (Check only one) See Step 3 Above Auto (22) □ A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death 1., 2., 4. Uninsured Motorist (46) A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death - Uninsured Motorist 1., 2., 4. 2. □ A6070 Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos (04) 2. A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death Product Liability (24) ☐ A7260 Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) 1., 2., 3., 4., 8. □ A7210 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons 1., 4. Medical Malpractice (45) 1., 4. □ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice ☐ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall) 1., 4. Other ☐ A7230 Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., Personal Injury 1., 4. assault, vandalism, etc.) **Property Damage** 1., 3. Wrongful Death □ A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress (23)1., 4. ☐ A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death

LexisNexis® Automated California County Forms

Other Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

LACIV 109 (Rev. 03/11)

LASC Approved 03-04

Auto Tort

	A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	B Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
Non-Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort	Business Tort (07)	☐ A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract)	1., 3.
	Civil Rights (08)	□ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination	1., 2., 3.
	Defamation (13)	☐ A6010 Defamation (slander/libel)	1., 2., 3.
nal Inj /rongf	Fraud (16)	☐ A6013 Fraud (no contract)	1., 2., 3.
Non-Perso Damage/ W	Professional Negligence (25)	 □ A6017 Legal Malpractice □ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal) 	1., 2., 3. 1., 2., 3.
	Other (35)	☐ A6025 Other Non-Personal Injury/Property Damage tort	2.,3.
ment	Wrongful Termination (36)	△ A6037 Wrongful Termination	1.2.3
Employment	Other Employment (15)	 □ A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case □ A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals 	1., 2., 3. 10.
	Breach of Contract/ Warranty (06) (not insurance)	 □ A6004 Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction) □ A6008 Contract/Warranty Breach -Seller Plaintiff (no fraud/negligence) □ A6019 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud) □ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence) 	2., 5. 2., 5. 1., 2., 5. 1., 2., 5.
Contract	Collections (09)	□ A6002 Collections Case-Seller Plaintiff □ A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case	2., 5., 6. 2., 5.
	Insurance Coverage (18)	☐ A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex)	1., 2., 5., 8.
	Other Contract (37)	 □ A6009 Contractual Fraud □ A6031 Tortious Interference □ A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence) 	1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 8.
	Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)	□ A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels	2.
operty	Wrongful Eviction (33)	☐ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case	2., 6.
Real Property	Other Real Property (26)	 □ A6018 Mortgage Foreclosure □ A6032 Quiet Title □ A6060 Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, foreclosure) 	2., 6. 2., 6. 2., 6.
ē	Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (31)	☐ A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer	Unlawful Detainer-Residential (32)	□ A6020 Unlawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
nlawful	Unlawful Detainer- Post-Foreclosure (34)	□ A6020FUnlawful Detainer-Post-Foreclosure	2., 6.
>	Unlawful Detainer-Drugs (38)	□ A6022 Unlawful Detainer-Drugs	2., 6.

LexisNexis® Automated California County Forms

	A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.		B) Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
	Asset Forfeiture (05)	A6108	Asset Forfeiture Case	2., 6.
Judicial Review	Petition re Arbitration (11)	A6115	Petition to Compel/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration	2., 5.
		A6151	Writ - Administrative Mandamus	2., 8.
	Writ of Mandate (02)	A6152	Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter	2.
Š		A6153	Writ - Other Limited Court Case Review	2.
	Other Judicial Review (39)	A6150	Other Writ /Judicial Review	2., 8.
E	Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	A6003	Antitrust/Trade Regulation	1., 2., 8.
Litigat	Construction Defect (10)	A6007	Construction Defect	1., 2., 3.
Provisionally Complex Litigation	Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)	A6006	Claims Involving Mass Tort	1., 2., 8.
IIy Co	Securities Litigation (28)	A6035	Securities Litigation Case	1., 2., 8.
visiona	Toxic Tort Environmental (30)	A6036	Toxic Tort/Environmental	1., 2., 3., 8.
Pro	Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)	A6014	Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only)	1., 2., 5., 8.
	Enforcement of Judgment (20)	A6141	Sister State Judgment	2., 9.
art art		A6160	Abstract of Judgment	2., 6.
Enforcement of Judgment		A6107	Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations)	2., 9.
offorc Jud		A6140	Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)	2., 8.
щ è		A6114	Petition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax	2., 8.
		A6112	Other Enforcement of Judgment Case	2., 8., 9.
is its	RICO (27)	A6033	Racketeering (RICO) Case	1., 2., 8.
Miscellaneous Sivil Complaints	Other Complaints (Not Specified Above) (42)	A6030	Declaratory Relief Only	1., 2., 8.
Miscellane Civil Comp		A6040	Injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/harassment)	2., 8.
Misc ivil (A6011	Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)	1., 2., 8.
- 0		A6000	Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)	1., 2., 8.
.	Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	A6113	Partnership and Corporate Governance Case	2., 8.
		A6121	Civil Harassment	2., 3., 9.
sno		A6123	Workplace Harassment	2., 3., 9.
Miscellaneous Civil Petitions	Other Petitions (Not Specified Above) (43)	A6124	Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse Case	2., 3., 9.
scel vii P		A6190	Election Contest	2.
ΞÖ		A6110	Petition for Change of Name	2., 7.
		A6170	Petition for Relief from Late Claim Law	2., 3., 4., 8.
		A6100	Other Civil Petition	2., 9.
L				<u> </u>

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Document 1-2 Filed 06/22/145€ N → Rege 33 of 34 Page ID #:46 sностье 2:15-cv-04738-DSF-PLA OROPEZA v. STARBUCKS CORPORATION, et al.

Item III. Statement of Location: Enter the address of the accident, party's residence or place of business, performance, or other circumstance indicated in Item II. Step 3 on Page 1, as the proper reason for filing in the court location you selected.

REASON: Check the appropriate boxes for the numbers shown under Column C for the type of action that you have selected for this case.			4800 Laurel Canyon Blvd.
CITY:	STATE:	Z P CODE:	·
Valley Village	CA	91607	
and correct and that the above-entitle	ed matter	is properly file	rjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true d for assignment to the <u>Stanley Mosk</u> courthouse in the nia, County of Los Angeles [Code Civ. Proc., § 392 et seq., and Local
Rule 2.0, subds. (b), (c) and (d)].			
CLUIDAIT			

PLEASE HAVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS COMPLETED AND READY TO BE FILED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY COMMENCE YOUR NEW COURT CASE:

1. Original Complaint or Petition.

Dated:

- 2. If filing a Complaint, a completed Summons form for issuance by the Clerk.
- 3. Civil Case Cover Sheet, Judicial Council form CM-010.
- 4. Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum and Statement of Location form, LACIV 109, LASC Approved 03-04 (Rev. 03/11).
- 5. Payment in full of the filing fee, unless fees have been waived.
- 6. A signed order appointing the Guardian ad Litem, Judicial Council form CIV-010, if the plaintiff or petitioner is a minor under 18 years of age will be required by Court in order to issue a summons.
- 7. Additional copies of documents to be conformed by the Clerk. Copies of the cover sheet and this addendum must be served along with the summons and complaint, or other initiating pleading in the case.

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Transmittal Number: 13899741 Date Processed: 06/15/2015

Notice of Service of Process

Primary Contact: Regina Boyd

Starbucks Corporation Legal Department

2401 Utah Ave. S., Suite 800 Seattle, WA 98134

Entity: Starbucks Corporation

Entity ID Number 0178010

Entity Served: Starbucks Corporation

Title of Action: Danielle Oropeza vs. Starbucks Corporation

Document(s) Type: Summons/Complaint

Nature of Action: Discrimination

Court/Agency: Los Angeles County Superior Court, California

Case/Reference No: BC 5 84414 **Jurisdiction Served:** California **Date Served on CSC:** 06/12/2015 **Answer or Appearance Due:** 30 Days **Originally Served On:** CSC

How Served: Personal Service Sender Information: Stephen Bernard

310-312-0220

Information contained on this transmittal form is for record keeping, notification and forwarding the attached document(s). It does not constitute a legal opinion. The recipient is responsible for interpreting the documents and taking appropriate action.

To avoid potential delay, please do not send your response to CSC

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